



WASHTENAW IMPRESSIONS

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE:

WCHS AT CROSSROADS; COME, VOTE FEBRUARY 13

When I accepted nomination for President of the Washtenaw County Historical Society, I planned to let the Barton Dam Powerhouse project "rest" for a while and thought that we should turn our attention to building membership, improving our public image and celebrating our 125th anniversary.

However, the City of Ann Arbor, now considering restoring power generation at Barton, has asked the Society what its plans are for the Powerhouse. It does not appear that we shall be able to fund this project now or in the foreseeable future, and I am asking the members to meet and discuss this with the officers and directors on February 13.

David Pollock and Douglas Crary of the Board of Directors have been negotiating withdrawal from the lease with the city. They will be with us to give you full details. We want to hear the members' opinions. Following discussion, a vote will be taken.

The second important topic for discussion that day will be a proposed project in connection with Cobblestone Farm Association. They have approached us about restoring the log cabin at the farm.

A committee has met with Howard Bond, co-president of the Cobblestone Association, and will report February 13. Again we wish to hear the views of the membership about proceeding with this project.

The committee is composed of Pollock, Crary, John Dann, Johanna Wiese, Elizabeth Dusseau, Esther Warzynski, Alice Ziegler and myself.

I feel that we are at a crossroads in the life of our organization and I URGE YOU, THE MEMBERS, TO ATTEND THIS MEETING to let us know what direction you want

your organization to take on these two very important (crucial?) matters.

Please note: there is no charge for the meeting but RESERVATIONS ARE REQUIRED. Please call Johanna Wiese at 668-8620 or Alice Ziegler at 663-8826 by noon, February 11.

See you at the Michigan League on February 13th.

Patricia Austin

1847 DEED 'HOME' FROM NEW YORK, PLATE GIVEN

Recent gifts to WCHS include an 1847 deed and a commemorative World War I plate.

The deed was returned "home" by the Oneida County Historical Society in New York through Mary Blaske of the Historical Society of Michigan.

It is for a lot in Ann Arbor sold for delinquent taxes to Mephobosheth Scott for \$2.14. When the lot was not redeemed by 1847, State Auditor General Digby V. Bell issued the deed. It was recorded here January 23, 1847.

Mrs. William Keppler of Ann Arbor gave the plate.



KEMPF HOUSE CLOSED FOR REFURBISHING

Ann Arbor's Kempf House Museum, 312 South Division, is now closed to public tours and will probably reopen in April.

The front room is being refurbished to look as it did 1910 - 1940 when the Reuben Kempfs had their music studio there. Patricia Austin, WCHS president, is chairman and WCHS director David Pollock is on the committee. The work is financed by a grant from the Ann Arbor Historical Founda-

DID U-M REALLY BEGIN IN 1817? 'AMAIZING' ANSWER FEBRUARY 13

Even the University of Michigan's telephone number (764-1817) proclaims its starting date as 1817.

Did the U-M really begin then? Who was its first teacher? What teaching method was used? For the *a-maizing* answers come to Professor Claude A. Eggertsen's talk, "The University of Michiganiana," Sunday, February 13, at the Michigan League following a 2:30 p.m. business meeting. (See President's Message.)

Eggertsen, listed in *Who's Who in America*, was professor of history of education and comparative education at the U-M for 40 years before retiring in 1980. One of his proudest achievements is having fostered 100 doctorates in the U.S. and other parts of the world.

The meeting will be in the Michigan Room, second floor of the League. It is free but reservations are required by Friday noon, February 11, to Vice-president Johanna Wiese, 668-8620, or 663-8826. Refreshments.

DON'T FORGET DUES

Don't forget to send in your membership dues to keep receiving meeting notices and *The Impressions*. Dues are \$8 per person, \$15 per couple; \$6 for senior individuals or \$12, senior couples; annual sustaining, \$50; and student, \$2. Please send to Mrs. Kathleen Scherzer, 2305 Woodside, Ann Arbor, MI 48104.

JIM PARKER RE-ELECTED

James Parker was re-elected president of the Webster Historical Society and James Reeves, vice-president. Kathy Vigue is secretary treasurer and the three trustees are Paul Kleinschmidt, Robert Beaugrand and Marge Smyth.

ANN ALLEN, FIRST LADY OF ANN ARBOR

Ann Arbor was named for a Southern lady from Virginia who was probably never very comfortable with the "New England Yankees" who chiefly populated the town her husband founded in Michigan Territory in 1824.

Probably few of the other pioneer wives had studied French and music at a private school, Russell E. Bidlack, dean of library science at the University of Michigan, said. In that sense, she was the first *lady* of Ann Arbor.

Dean Bidlack told the story of Ann Allen at the Washtenaw County Historical Society's 125th anniversary celebration November 14 at the Ann Arbor Inn.

Dean Bidlack, Society president in 1961-62, is author of *John Allen and the Founding of Ann Arbor*.* He has since done additional research on Mrs. Allen.

If Mrs. Allen had had her "druthers", she probably would have lived out her life in Virginia. But she was orphaned before she was three, widowed at 21 with two children and remarried in a match of convenience to a gentleman who turned into a restless adventurer.

Fate took her across the ocean to Ireland, to the Michigan frontier in a covered wagon and to New York City to live on Broadway before she returned to Virginia for good.

Ann Allen is memorialized today in two places — on a simple gravestone in the yard of the oldest Presbyterian Church in Virginia, in the Shenandoah Valley, and in the unique and widely-known name of the county seat of Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Near Augusta Stone Church at Fort Defiance, a few miles from Staunton, Virginia, is her gravestone, inscribed, "Ann I. Allen, Died Nov. 27, 1875, in the 79th Year of Her Age."

She was descended from French Huguenots who fled to Ireland. Her father, Thomas Barry was born about 1770 in Londonderry. About

*Michigan Historical Collections, Bulletin No. 12, December 1962.



Ann Allen, 1797 — 1875

A beauty in younger days, now grown old.

1790 he followed a cousin, John McKim, to America and clerked in his store in Baltimore before going into business for himself at New Market on the eastern shore of Maryland. There he met Ann's mother, Ann Isabella Smith.

The Smiths were a "high family related in some way to William Penn," Ann Allen wrote in an 1867 letter. They opposed Ann's mother's marriage at 16 to Barry and disinherited her.

The Barrys soon moved to Staunton, Augusta County, Virginia, where he established a store and Ann Allen was born. Ann Allen's mother died when she was only nine days old and her father died before she was three.

She was sent to her wealthy cousin in Baltimore, "Uncle McKim", who sent her with a nurse, to her grandmother in Ireland. In 1806, Ann returned to America with her grandmother, Sarah McKim Barry, 66, and her Aunt Ellen (actually Eleanor Barry).

(Three great-grand-daughters who live on the McCue homestead in Virginia today own the French Bible, published in 1686, which little Ann carried back to Ireland, Dean Bidlack said.)

Ann was left with the McKims to be educated. John McKim, president of the Bank of Maryland

and later founder of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, sent her to a private girls school.

She was married at 16 to Dr. William McCue, 26, a graduate of Washington College and the Philadelphia Medical School. They lived in Lexington, Virginia, where two sons were born, John in 1815 and Thomas in 1818. Dr. McCue died of typhoid fever that same year.

Ann and her two sons were taken in by James McCue, her husband's brother. He was named guardian of her sons.

Three years later, she married widower John Allen who also had two small children, James Crawford Allen, 1816, and Elizabeth May, born 1818.

Even though the Allens had been a respected landowning family, the McCues and Ann's Uncle Andrew Barry opposed the marriage because they knew Colonel Allen was deeply in debt and John was involved in the debts.

Daughter Sarah Ann was born to the Allens May 10, 1823, and two months later, creditors foreclosed on Colonel Allen and ordered him to vacate his home by October 1, 1824.

In the fall of 1823, John Allen started for Baltimore with a herd of cattle he had "bought up" on credit and disappeared. Weeks passed. Rumors of assassination circulated. The tax collector wrote "absconded" after his name.

Actually, after selling the cattle, Allen went to Buffalo and on to Detroit where he met Rumsey, a farmer from Genesee County, New York, who also dreamed of getting rich buying and selling land.

They bought land, had the good fortune to have it designated the county seat, and platted the village. By August John sent for his parents and insisted they bring Ann.

After prayer, the relatives decided she had better go but her two sons, 9 and 6, should remain with their uncle. "Henceforth, she would be torn between her restless husband in Michigan and her orphaned sons in Virginia," Bidlack said.

The Allens left Virginia August 28, 1824, and arrived in Ann Arbor October 16.

Four months later, John wrote his Aunt Jane Trimble in Ohio telling her how contented they were in their log cabin. But little is known of Ann from 1824-34 as none of her letters have been found. Ann Arbor neighbors considered her melancholy but John Allen prospered and Ann's life was more comfortable than that of most pioneer women.

A German traveller, Karl Niedhard, who visited Ann Arbor in 1834, ten years after its founding, wrote in a German magazine:

"Six (ten) years ago he (John Allen) had considerably less than nothing. Now he lives like a prince in a magnificent house and his property increases daily. No wonder! The half-acre building lots which cost him 75 cents, he is now selling for several hundred dollars."

By 1834, John Allen owned stores, mills, houses, lots, fine horses, and an expensive carriage with driver. He owned thousands of acres of Michigan land and stock in several companies. Besides Ann Arbor, he had founded two other towns — Spring Arbor in Jackson county and Richmond in Allegan.

The earliest extant letter of Ann Allen (June 20, 1834, to her son, Thomas, 16) is full of typical mother's advice to improve his mind, love his brother and tells how much she longs to see him.

"I feel very anxious about your improving your mind. Now is the time to lay up a store of useful knowledge. I see your quite deficient in the first rudiments of learning. You and John are awful spellers . . . do pay some attention to this branch of your learning."

It also says, "Emigration to Michigan is great — we have, I might say, from all parts, great many from New York, New England, quite a number from London in Europe and from counties adjacent, Ireland, Scotland and large number of German Swiss.

"There are three daily lines of stages runs this place . . . We have a Presbyterian (and) Methodist

places of worship, and, also I am sorry to say, a building just finished for a Universalist Church. The Courthouse is completed this summer."

The next year she wrote, "This place improves very fast, it is astonishing. The emigration to the west is so great, they expect to start the railroad from Detroit to pass through here in the spring. It is thought the capital will be removed from Detroit here, as this is the most central place."

ON NAMING OF ANN ARBOR

While Elisha Walker Rumsey was co-founder of Ann Arbor, Dean Bidlack says, "From the start, John Allen was the leader."

As to the romantic legend that Ann Allen and Mary Ann Rumsey sat under an arbor and sewed while their husbands built cabins and named the town for both of them, Ann Allen didn't even set eyes on the place for several months after it had been platted as "Annarbour".

Dean Bidlack found no evidence Mrs. Rumsey was called "Ann". He thinks the "Ann" in Ann Arbor was Ann Allen.

As to "arbor", "Mary Clark, Ann Arbor's first historian, wrote in 1852, 'The original site of the village was a burr oak opening, having the appearance of an arbor, laid out by the hand of taste.' " In Allen's day, that is what "arbor" meant.

In 1837, John and Ann Allen moved to New York City where he opened an office on Wall Street and established the American Exchange Company to deal in western land. He bought a house on Broadway.

In February, 1837, Ann wrote to son Thomas, "You mention going to the West in the Spring. You better mature that well, before you undertake it. Ohio, I should give the preference to. Michigan is chiefly settled by New England Yankees (cunning as Foxes), and northern speculators, so I do not know what chance you would stand amongst them."

John Allen was ruined by the panic of 1837 and moved back to Ann Arbor in October 1838.

Ann wrote of her husband, "He talks sometimes of living in Ann Arbour, at other times going

to this new place which I speak of (Richmond) . . . he thought he should visit Texas this Winter. His mind is as unsettled as ever . . . Let me hear from you very soon, (but) pay the postage on your letters."

In 1841, Ann wrote, "I am poor and needy. I cannot get the cheapest calico dress without someone gives me the means to purchase it . . . It is especially hard times in Michigan . . . business is at a standstill."

In 1842, she wrote, "Mr. Allen I think will leave for St. Louis in November. He wants to get another new home. How pleased I should be if he was of a contented disposition."

John Allen's brother wrote, that John and Ann "not living happy together," agreed to separate, and she, with her daughter, left Ann Arbor and returned to Augusta County, Virginia in 1844. Three years later, daughter Sarah married Dr. J. A. Waddel of New Hope, Virginia, who was much older than she.

Henceforth, Ann Allen divided her time between son Thomas and daughter Sarah. Professor Bidlack learned from descendants that her son John, about whom she was so concerned in her letters, was alcoholic. Ann blamed herself for leaving him without a mother.

The same year Ann Allen returned to Virginia, John Allen was elected to the Michigan Senate as a Democrat from the second district. He served to 1848. Never a church member, he also was converted by the teachings of Emanuel Swedenborg and joined the New Jerusalem Church.

In 1850, Allen joined the California Gold Rush and died in San Francisco March 11, 1851, age 55. Ann lived for another quarter century.

A granddaughter wrote of Ann, "She was rather small and frail looking. A very interesting talker and good reader. Grandmother would read aloud.

"I heard her speak of her trip to Michigan that she took on horseback in 1824 carrying her little daughter in her lap the entire way. How frightened she was for they



Courtesy of Wystan Stevens

AUGUSTA STONE CHURCH

Ann Allen is buried near the oldest Presbyterian church in Virginia, built in 1749 at Ft. Defiance near Staunton. had camped near an Indian camp and she expected to be scalped as the night came on.

"That frequently an old Indian would come to their house (in Ann Arbor) and sit down in the chimney corner for hours and smoke his pipe, and only now and then make a grunt.

"They would come for salt. You had to be particular always to fill the vessel level full, for they would not have it any other way.

"Her Scotch accent (actually Irish) was attractive to me. She always said, 'me own' and spoke of her dress as 'me frock'."

In 1978, Professor Bidlack and his wife visited three of Ann's great granddaughters living in the 1850 ante-bellum home of Thomas McCue.

They related that when she travelled, she wore several dresses at a time rather than packing them in a trunk.

They also recalled their father telling of when he was a little boy hearing Ann and her best friend Miss Lucy, both deaf, shouting, and someone would say, "That's Grandma and Miss Lucy telling each other secrets."

Ann's obituary in the *Staunton Spectator* said,

"She was a lady of no ordinary character and remarkable for strength of intellect, and in her death severed the last link that connected her family with Staunton, her father and his brother, Andrew, being men of more than ordinary prominence in their day.

"In her name, she is the last connecting link of the Allen family, one of the oldest and most prominent families in the county."

WCHS'S 125TH ANNIVERSARY PARTY BANNER OCCASION

WCHS's 125th anniversary celebration at the Ann Arbor Inn November 14 was attended by 120 persons including five past-presidents and the great grandson and namesake of the first president of the Society, Munnis Kenny of Webster township.

Past presidents attending were Edith Staebler Kempf (1938-39), Russell Bidlack (1961-62), Herbert Bartlett (1962-64), Thomas F. Lacy (1975-78) and David Pollack (1979-80). Mrs. Kempf cut the cake. Professor Bidlack was the main speaker.

President Patricia Austin presided. Wystan Stevens of the Board of Directors spoke on the history of the society. Mary Egnor, chairman of the Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners, and Virginia Johansen, representing Ann Arbor Mayor Louis Belcher, read proclamations making November 14 history day in the county and city.

The newly-refurbished North Bank Room of the inn was decorated with the 15-foot banner saying, "Washtenaw County Historical Society is Washtenaw's Memory." Made by the Weissinger Sign Shop, it was used in the Society booth at the old county fair in the 1930's at what is now Veterans Park.



PAST-PRESIDENT DIES, RESOLUTION ADOPTED

The Society Board of Directors adopted a resolution in memory of Dr. Leigh C. Anderson, University of Michigan professor-emeritus of chemistry and past-president of WCHS in 1978-79, who died January 6.

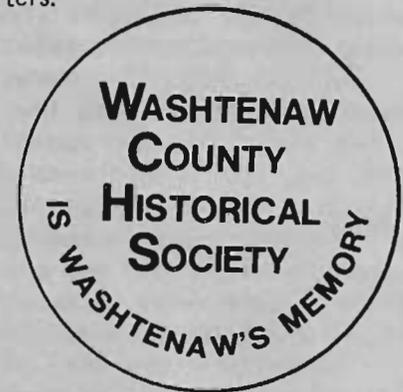
An active Society member who also served as vice-president and program chairman, he is remembered for painstakingly repairing and refinishing the badly damaged case of Ann Arbor's first piano which was brought here in 1827 by oxcart from Detroit.

He was also instrumental, on his own, in rescuing an early log cabin of Washtenaw County and getting it re-erected on the grounds of Cobblestone Farm on Packard Road.

Two U-M music students, Larry Stuckenholz, guitar, and Pamela Morgan, flute, played at the reception at which tea, sandwiches, red punch and cake were served. The sterling silver knife that Mrs. Kempf used to cut the cake has been given to the Society by Mrs. Austin.

Three members of Angell-Bader Cub Scout Pack 16, Den 3, supervised by Den Mother Joan Eich and Mrs. Karen Al-Saadi, escorted guests and handed out souvenir buttons. They were Geoffrey Eich, Sami Al-Saadi and Greg Buchanan.

President Austin expressed special thanks to them and to Chairman Esther Warzynski and her committee. Carol Freeman was co-chairman, with Frances Couch, Wystan Stevens and Society officers. Lois Foyle and Raymond Warzynski also helped. Jane Southwell made posters.



BUTTONS FOR SALE

Buttons like those given at the 125th anniversary party, inscribed "Washtenaw County Historical Society is Washtenaw's Memory", will be on sale for \$1 at the February meeting.



HE SHOULD SEE US NOW

In 1883 the Honorable E. P. Allen of Ypsilanti told a county Pioneer Society audience, "We are now living in the high noon of the last civilization the world will know until it is burned up, and I do not believe the progress of the fifty years to come will be equal to that of the past half-century." From *Impressions*, August 1950.

OLDEST LOCAL HISTORICAL SOCIETY IN MICHIGAN, WASHTENAW'S, SINCE 1857, HAS HAD ITS UPS AND DOWNS, PUBLISHED HISTORY, BUT STILL NO MUSEUM

Washtenaw County Historical Society, the oldest local historical Society in the state, has had its ups and downs, but at age 125 and without a museum, it is, in a sense, just beginning, Wystan Stevens, local historian, told the 125th anniversary audience.

The Historical Society of Michigan, founded in 1828, is the oldest society, he said. "But we have a grand tradition going back all the way to 1857 as the original local society in Michigan."

The Michigan Argus of November 27, 1857, reported a call from citizens including John Geddes of Geddesburg on the Huron and Munnis Kenny of Webster, for a county convention December 17, 1857, at the Courthouse "for the purpose of organizing a Washtenaw Historical Society." Kenny was elected president in January 1858.

As the Civil war raged, interest lagged. There were no newspaper reports from 1862 until 1873 when interest was building because of the approaching United States centennial in 1876. The society was reorganized by Geddes and others as the Washtenaw County Pioneer Society.

The object back then was to perpetuate the memory of the activities and accomplishments of the pioneering forefathers, Stevens said.

People at that time didn't see history so much as a continuum. It involved the first people who got to a place. It didn't necessarily affect those who came later except that they were supposed to keep the lamp of reverence burning for those who had suffered hardships on their behalf.

At the time of the United States centennial there was a lot of interest in publication of history. The Washtenaw Pioneer Society by 1881 had gathered enough information to issue a substantial volume put out by Chapman and Company in Chicago, that runs to 1452 pages.

In 1891, the society cooperated with an organization that put out a *Portrait and Biographical Album of*

Washtenaw County. In 1906, Samuel Willard Beakes, a mayor of Ann Arbor, a Congressman and a member of this Society, published a history.

"Usually the biographies were inserted after payment of a prescribed fee, so you are not going to see an awful lot of objective history in a vanity publication of this era."

They tended to emphasize the bright side although in the 1881 history there was a fascinating chapter called "Dark Deeds" which recounted every murder in the county to date and all the circumstances.

Half the Beakes history is fairly straightforward local history and half is the biographies that paid for the book. The same was true of county atlases, he said.

"The first atlas in 1874 was a compendium not only of maps of townships but of very nicely doctored pictures of farms with all the privies and manure piles removed by the artist who was paid \$50 a half page or so for insertion. In our local atlas there were even one or two which said this fine farm is for sale, please contact so-and-so."

After the original founders had vanished it became necessary to recast the orientation of the society.

That finally occurred here in 1929 with the final — we hope — reorganization and renaming of the society. The reorganization was apparently under the aegis and prompting of Alexander Grant Ruthven, University of Michigan president. Apparently because of his interest there was an assumption that the U-M would be a mentor and protecting arm.

Stevens thinks there was an expectation the University would give them meeting space and maybe museum space, too, but that did not happen.

As long as 100 years ago, the society realized it had a mission to preserve artifacts. Collection began and the society had exhibits in the Courthouse on and off for many years. For a while things were stored in the old city hall annex

where the City Center Building is now.

"I remember as a child being led over on a school bus trip to Bach School in the Old West Side to see a Society exhibit. More recently our artifacts have been stored in barns and now in other storage facilities and we still need a museum. That, I think, should be the main thrust of this organization.

"There's room for new historiography, new collecting, and I hope someday soon a building to house our collection and display and interpret it to the public," he concluded.

JUDGE DEXTER, COMPUTERS TO BE GENEALOGY TOPICS

Frank Wilhelme, former director of the Historical Society of Michigan, now director of alumni relations with the U-M School of Business Administration, will talk about Judge Samuel W. Dexter, founder of Dexter, at 2:30 p.m. Sunday, February 27, at the Genealogical Society of Washtenaw County meeting at Washtenaw Community College.

Use of microcomputers in genealogy research will be discussed at the March 27 meeting by Peter Schaldenbrand of the Farmington Society and past-president of the Detroit Society. Beginner's session at 1 p.m. each time.

HAZEL PROCTOR INVITES FRIENDS TO WRITE

Hazel Proctor, WCHS past-president, reported in to Corresponding Secretary Ethelyn Morton at Thanksgiving that she is now working in Austin, Texas, where she was born, and she'd like to hear from Ann Arbor friends. Her address is: 8803B Westover Club Drive, Austin, TX 78759.



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**HISTORICAL HAPPENINGS:
OF SESQUICENTENNIALS, BOX SOCIALS, SHEEP, CRAFTS**

Chelsea Historical Society — Usually meets 7:30 p.m. second Monday at McKune Library, 221 South Main. The community is getting organized for a 150th anniversary celebration in 1984.

Dexter Historical Society — Annual old time arts and crafts fair, 10 a.m. — 4 p.m. Saturday, March 19, at Dexter High School gymnasium. About 60 demonstrators expected, plus entertainment. Admission, \$1 donation; high school, 50 cents, and younger, free. Luncheon served. Bake sale.

Manchester Historical Society — 7:30 p.m. February 21 at the Manchester Mill on Main Street, a repeat of last year's successful box social with games and singing.

March 21 and April 18 meetings will be at 7:30 p.m. at the John Schneider Blacksmith Shop, 324 East Main. The March topic will be "The History of Sheepraising and the Wool Industry in Washtenaw County." The Clinton Historical Society will come for a joint meeting in April with a blacksmithing demonstration.

The Society launched a newsletter in December long on good news. The society has the largest paid membership in its history. The Manchester Chicken Broil presented a \$7,000 check to the Society and the Herrick Foundation in Detroit granted \$5,000 toward purchase of the blacksmith shop.

Milan Historical Society — 8 p.m. third Wednesday at Hack House, 775 County Street. February 16, Rochelle Balkam will give a slide program on historical architecture in Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti.

Northfield Historical Society — Board meets 7:30 p.m. fourth Tuesday, usually at township fire hall on North Territorial Road. Township 150th anniversary is in 1983.

Saline Historical Society — 2 p.m. third Sunday, Senior Citizens Room, City Services Building on Maple Road.

Webster Historical Society — 7:45 p.m. first Monday in private homes during cold months. A new program committee plans programs every other month. Society working to increase membership, move blacksmith shop and help plan township sesquicentennial this year.

Webster Church plans a 150 year observance in 1984. The township hall on Gregory Road has been placed on the state register of historic places.

Ypsilanti Historical Society — Children's valentine making party 2 — 4 p.m. Sunday, February 13, at museum. An adult must accompany children.

CHELSEA PICKS BOWER

Ben Bower has been elected president of the Chelsea Historical Society and Mr. and Mrs. Max Hepburn are the co-vice-presidents. Lynda Longe is secretary and

Angela Smith, treasurer.

Harold Jones is a life member of the board. Donald Dancer was elected to a two-year term and Ann Bumpas to a one-year term.

MILAN RE-ELECTS KING

Milan Historical Society re-elected the same officers for 1983. They are Thomas J. King, president; Warren Hale, vice-president; Lorene Burger, secretary; and Michele Sanford, treasurer. Elected to the board were Earl Cosner, Larry Sanford, Ken Baumann and Bill Smith.



**MEMBERS INVITED
TO BOARD MEETINGS**

The WCHS Board of Directors meets at 4 p.m. the second Wednesday of the month and President Patricia Austin invites members to attend and "see your board at work."

If you plan to come, please call her at 663-5281 or Alice Ziegler, 663-8826, to confirm the location.

YPSI NAMES OFFICERS

David Gauntlett is the new president of Ypsilanti Historical Society for 1983. Re-elected to the board and named vice-president is Mrs. Linda Donovan Hahlbrock. George McCreehy and Michael Miller are new directors. Continuing are Sharon Patterson, archivist, as secretary and Fred Peters as treasurer.

**WASHTENAW COUNTY
HISTORICAL SOCIETY**

**2:30 P.M. SUNDAY
FEBRUARY 13, 1983**

**MICHIGAN LEAGUE
227 South Ingalls
Ann Arbor, Michigan**

Susan Wineberg
311 E. Ann #1
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